A more Particular and Exact

ACCOUNT

Of the totall Defeat of the

SWEDES

IN

FUENEN.

Written by a Person of known integrity to a Friend in London.

Decemb. 2. St. Veteri, 16 99.



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GODFREY DAVIES

MARCH. 1958

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Have not wrote to you fince your departure for Breda, but I have received one Letter since from you; but now having some news to write, I shall forbear no longer: but shall in brief give you an account of the destruaion of the King of Swedens Army in Fuenen. Opdam ether for want of courage, or commission, having done nothing worthy of a Cavalier, returned for Holland, leaving the work to be finished by de Ruyter, who having shipped at Kiel, the Confederate Army under the Command of that gallant Gentleman Schaack & Lieut. Generall Eberstein , set Sail for Fuenen , where, upon their landing they were gallantly received by the Snedes, under the Command of the Paltzgrave of Sultzback, but being over-powered by numbers and

they landing in two places of the Island, the Swedes were forced to retreat into Nyborch whether de Ruyter failed, and fo hindred the Reliefe which the King of Sweden did intend to fend them. Schanck having thus got footing in the Island, marched directly for Nyborch, for the Swedish Army being blockt up both by Sea and land, without any possibility of releife, at last resolved gallantly to march out and give the Confederate Army battell, and fo either to die on the bed of honour, or elfe live victoriously. So on the 24 of the last' St. Nov. the Paltzgrave of Suitzback with his Army marched out of Nyborch towards the Confederate Army, which lay about one mile from them, but in battalia to receive them. The Swedes most gallantly began the battell, and first they fell upon Eberstein, and after a bloudy conflict, forced the wing under his Command to retreat, so that for some time the victory did incline to the Spedes : but Schaack

Schaack perceiving how things went in that part of the battell, with a felect company of Souldiers fel upon the Swedes . who feemed to be victorious on that fide, and forced the Swedes not only to a stand, but to aretreat. In the mean time de Ruyter hearing by the ratling of the Mulquets that the fight was begun, failed directly to the Town, and having 2 Forts to passe by, before he could come close to the Town, he bouldly fet upon them both at once, & fo took them; which being performed he came with his fleet closeup to the Town, into the which he discharged above 2000 pieces of Cannon, his least Gun shooting over the Town. Now as the thundering of de Ruyters was a great encouragement to the Confederate Army, soit must of ne. cessity be a great discouragement to the Swedes, to hear their funerall knell rung by de Ruyter's Ordinance: So that being over-powered by the Confederate Army, forced the Swedes to arout, and

(6) fo confusedly fled all into Nyborch, being purfued by the whole Army. At their comming into Nyborch the Svvedes found themselves in greater, danger then in the battell, the Town being but little, and de Ruyters Ordinance withour intermission playing upon them, which forced the Stredes to fend to Schaack for a Treaty, and to appoint Commissioners, and they fent an Officer to de Ruyter to give him notice that they were in treaty; whereupon he left shooting, but told the Officer, that if the treaty was not finished in one hour, he would then begin the fightagain, and so calling for an Hour-glass he turned it up. As soon as the Spredish Officer came to Schaack, and defired to treat, he answered he had no leasure to treat, but demanded that the Syvedes should furrender the whole Island of Fuenen, with all their Arms and baggage, and both Officers great and small, and all the common Souldiers, to surrender themselves both

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both for life and death to his mercy. This feeming very hard to the Svvedes, they fent again to him, but could get no other answer from him. In the time that this was transacting de Ruyter's Hour-glass was out; and to let the Spredes know fo much he discharged some hundreds of Cannon-shot amongst them, which forced the Syvedes to accept Schaack's proposition, and gave de Ruyter notice of it: buthe did not leave shootting untill Schaack sent his Trumpeter unto him with notice of the agreement. There were flain upon the place and in the pursuite General Major Botteker, 5 Colonells, 3 Lieutenant Colonells, and about 2300 horse and foot on both sides. In the fight were taken the Duke of Weimar, Grave Koningsmark, Major General Barlever, and Col. Smidt. Taken upon the furrender Lieut. Gen. Horne, Major Gen, Grave Van Waldeck, General Maj. Weyer, Grave Wrangle, 6 Colonels, another Grave Waldeck,

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wick, with all the inferiour Officers, and 4700 Souldiers, 88 Standers, 28 Foot Colors, 12 Co. lors of Dragoons, 36 Cannon. A more compleat Victory then this I have not lately heard of. The next day Schanck having feafted de Ruyter and thanked him difmiffed him , who let Sail for Travel mund: and as he wrote of their of December from thence, that as foon as he had taken in his provisions, he would fail for Copenhagen, where he understood there lay 36 Swedish Men-of war, which he did intend to fight with, if they would flay his coming. I have also notice that as soon as the King of Sweden had notice of this misfortune, he burnt his Leaguer before Copenhagen, and so retreated to Cronenburg: the Paltzgrave of Sultzback, and Col. Steinbock were onely missing of the whole Army being conceived to have got away in a Fisher boat for Zealand: but fince they write they were both found in women's Apparrell 3 daies after the fight, The Creame of the King of Swedens Army is loft in this action.

I can adde no more at present, but to let you know that I shall constantly remain,

The 2 of Decemb. St. Vet. 1 659. Your most bumble Servant

Van W. Alecit Gongral! Winngle, 6 Colonels . a

FINIS.